

Enabling Self-Service Analytics with Analytic Views & Data Visualization from Cloud to Desktop



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Rittman Mead Blog



10 Years Experience in BI/Analytics



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Oracle ACE

About Rittman Mead

Rittman Mead is a **data and analytics company** who specialise in data visualisation, predictive analytics, enterprise reporting and data engineering.

We use our skill, experience and know-how to work with organisations across the world to interpret their data. We enable the business, the consumers, the data providers and IT to work towards a common goal, **delivering innovative and cost-effective solutions** based on our core values of thought leadership, hard work and honesty.

We work across **multiple verticals** on projects that range from mature, large scale implementations to proofs of concept and can provide skills in **development, architecture, delivery, training and support.**

You are DBAs right?

What's Your Biggest Fear?



Inexperienced Users Writing SQL





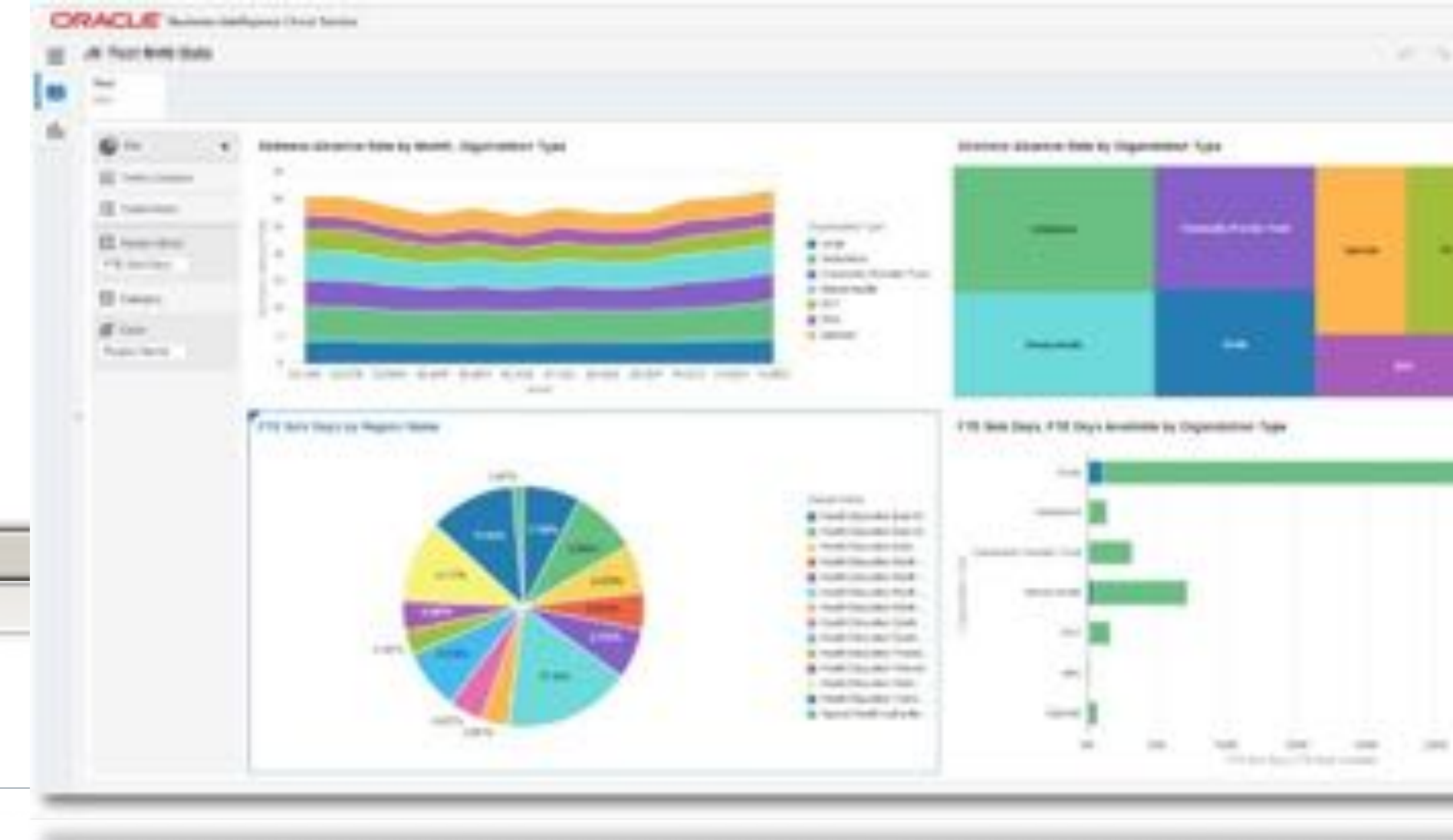
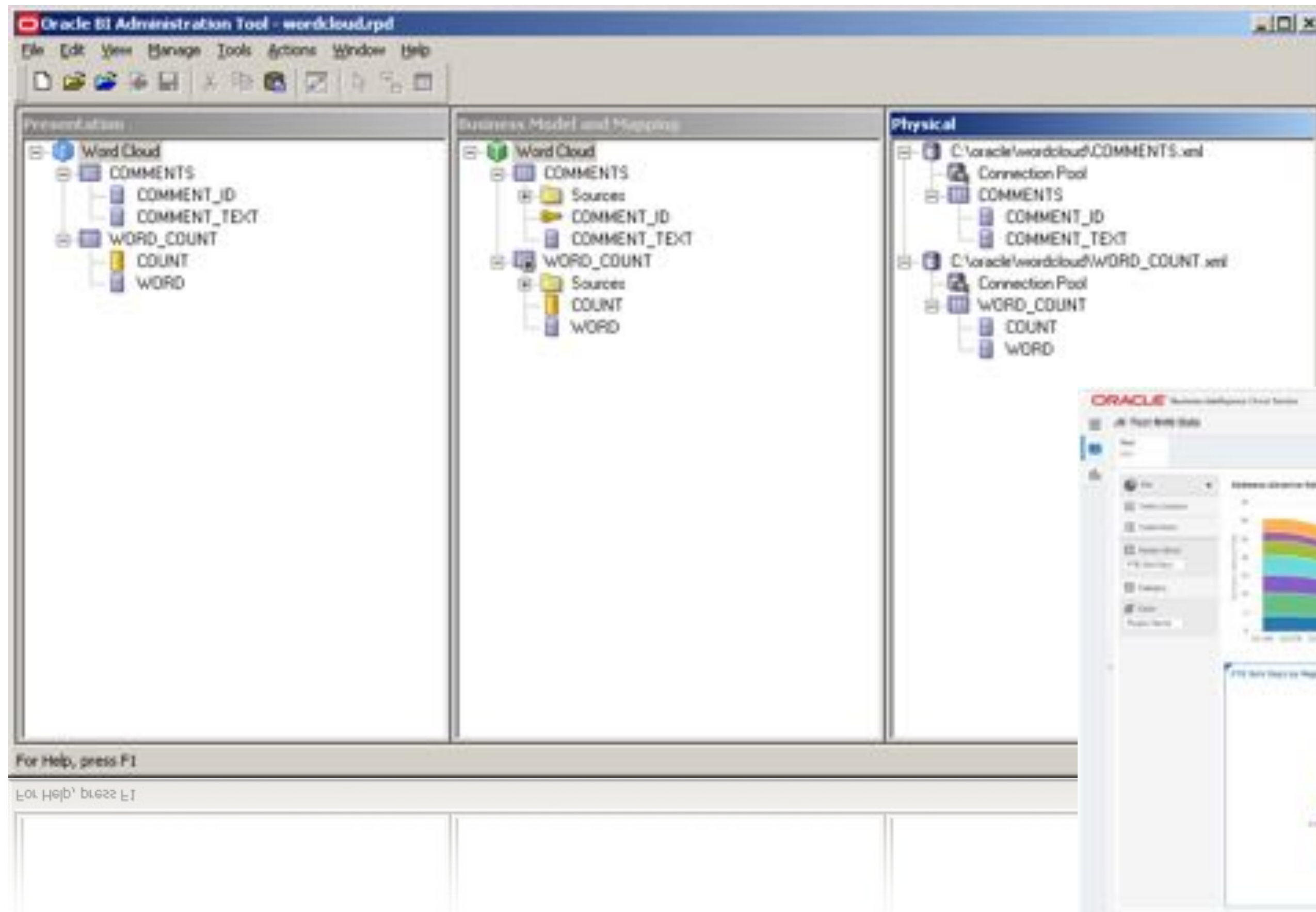
rittmanmead
A DATA AND ANALYTICS COMPANY



Corporate IT-Driven BI Tools

Business Intelligence Tools

Oracle Analytics



The Era of Peace is Over...



self-service Analytics

Back in Feb 2016...



ORACLE??????

Bimodal IT = Marathon Runners + Sprinters. Deeply Different, Both Essential

	Mode 1	Goal	Mode 2	
	Reliability		Agility	
Think Marathon Runner	Price for performance	Value	Revenue, brand, customer experience	Think Sprinter
	Waterfall, V-Model, high-ceremony IID	Approach	Agile, kanban, low-ceremony IID	
	Plan-driven, approval-based	Governance	Empirical, continuous, process-based	
	Enterprise suppliers, long-term deals	Sourcing	Small, new vendors, short-term deals	
	Good at conventional process, projects	Talent	Good at new and uncertain projects	
	IT-centric, removed from customer	Culture	Business-centric, close to customer	
	Long (months)	Cycle Times	Short (days, weeks)	



"The evolution and sophistication of the self-service data preparation and data discovery capabilities in the market have shifted the focus of buyers in the BI and analytics market -- toward **easy-to-use tools** that support a full range of analytic workflow capabilities and **do not require significant involvement from IT** to predefine data models up front as a prerequisite to analysis,"

So Oracle did not make it to the Magic Quadrant for Business Intelligence and Analytics Platforms?

Published on February 18, 2016



Daan Bakboord [Following](#)

Helping customers make data driven decisions using Oracle Big Dat...

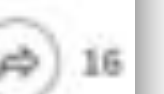
[19 articles](#)



205



10



16

IT Driven

Organised

Pre-Defined

OBIEE

Data Discovery

Business Driven

No Prebuilt Model

Access To Raw Data

Data Visualization

Data Visualization

- Information Exploration and Discovery
 - Single Panel Analytics
 - Data Mashup
 - Integrated with OBIEE
 - DataFlow Component



DataFlow Component

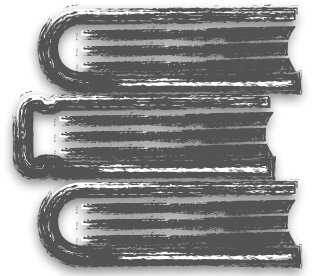
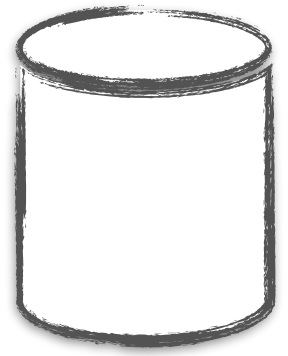
- Transform/Enrich Data
 - Filter
 - Aggregate
 - Join
 - Store Locally or Push Back
 - V4 Release
 - ML
 - Essbase Cube

The image displays three screenshots of the DataFlow component interface. The top screenshot shows a workflow diagram with two input nodes on the left, a join node in the middle, and an output node on the right. The middle screenshot is a 'Calculate' step configuration panel. It shows a table with columns 'Nr_Matches' and 'En_Role'. The 'Nr_Matches' column is selected, and the 'Name' field is set to 'Nr_Matches'. The 'Function' field contains the SQL expression 'count(mark by code)'. The bottom screenshot is an 'Aggregate' step configuration panel. It shows a table with columns 'Nr_Matches' and 'En_Role'. The 'Nr_Matches' column is selected, and the 'Name' field is set to 'Nr_Matches'. The 'Function' field contains the SQL expression 'count(mark by code)'. The 'Aggregate' field is set to 'Sum'. The 'By' field is set to 'En_Role'.

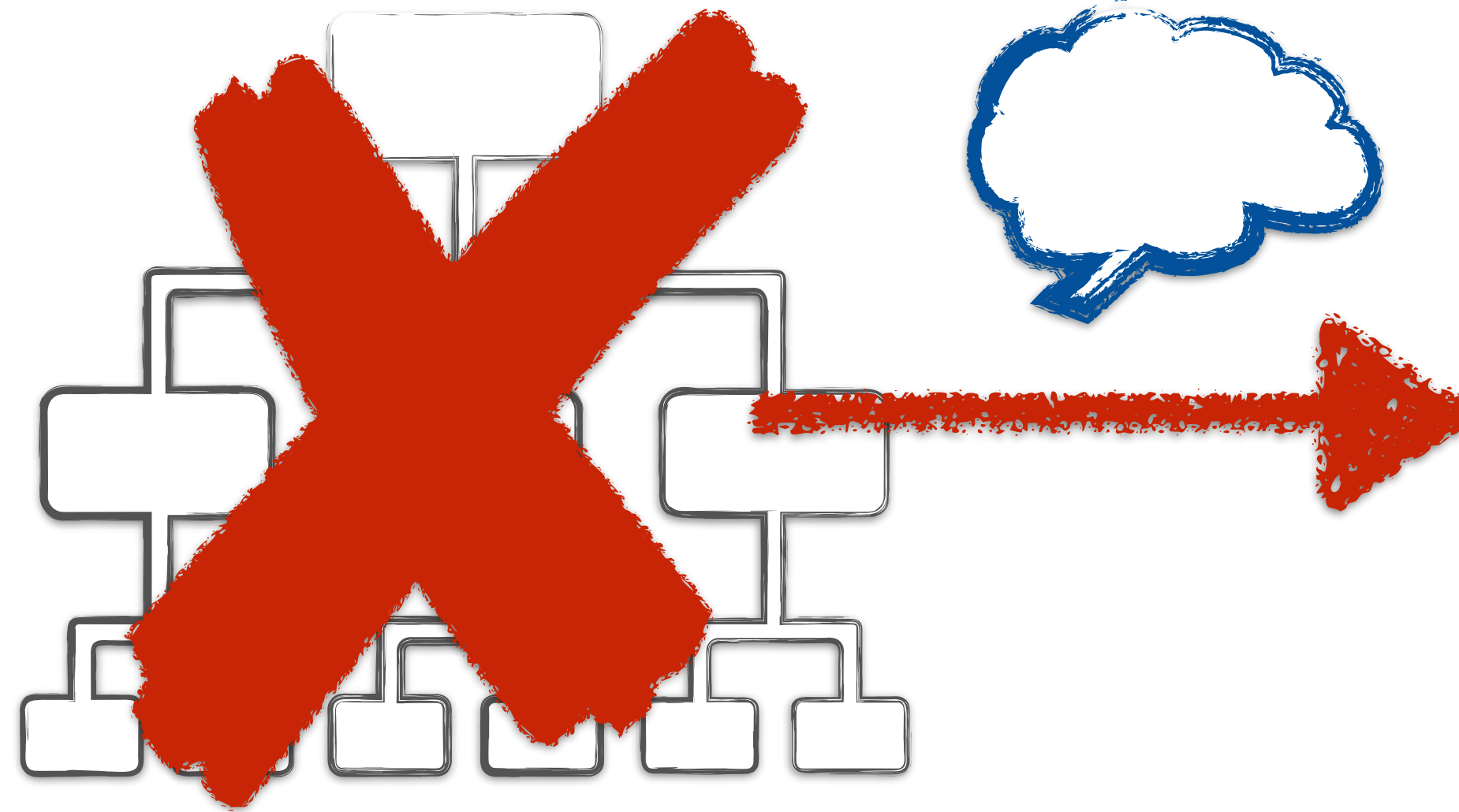
In 2017



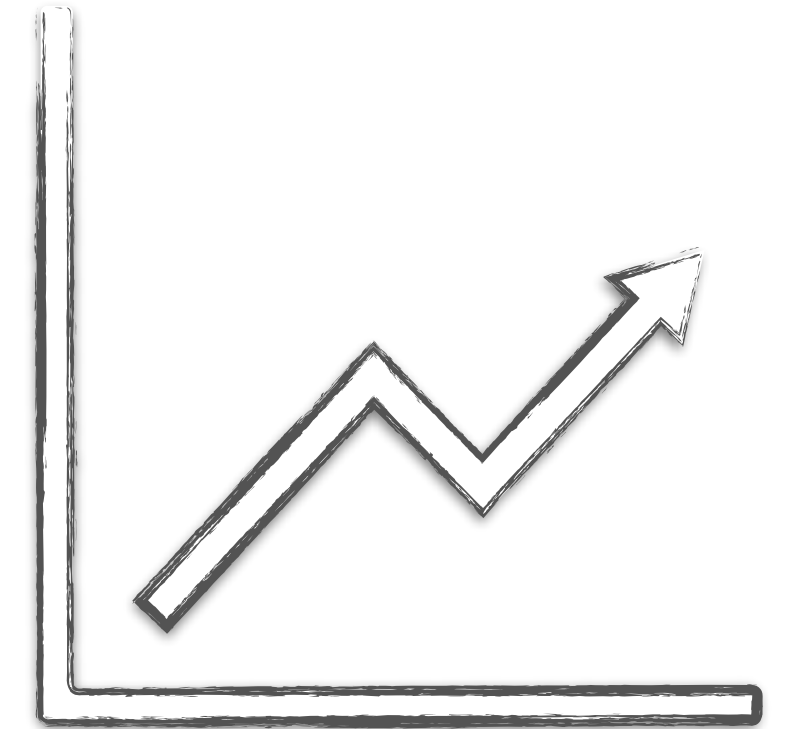
Data Layer



Organisation Layer



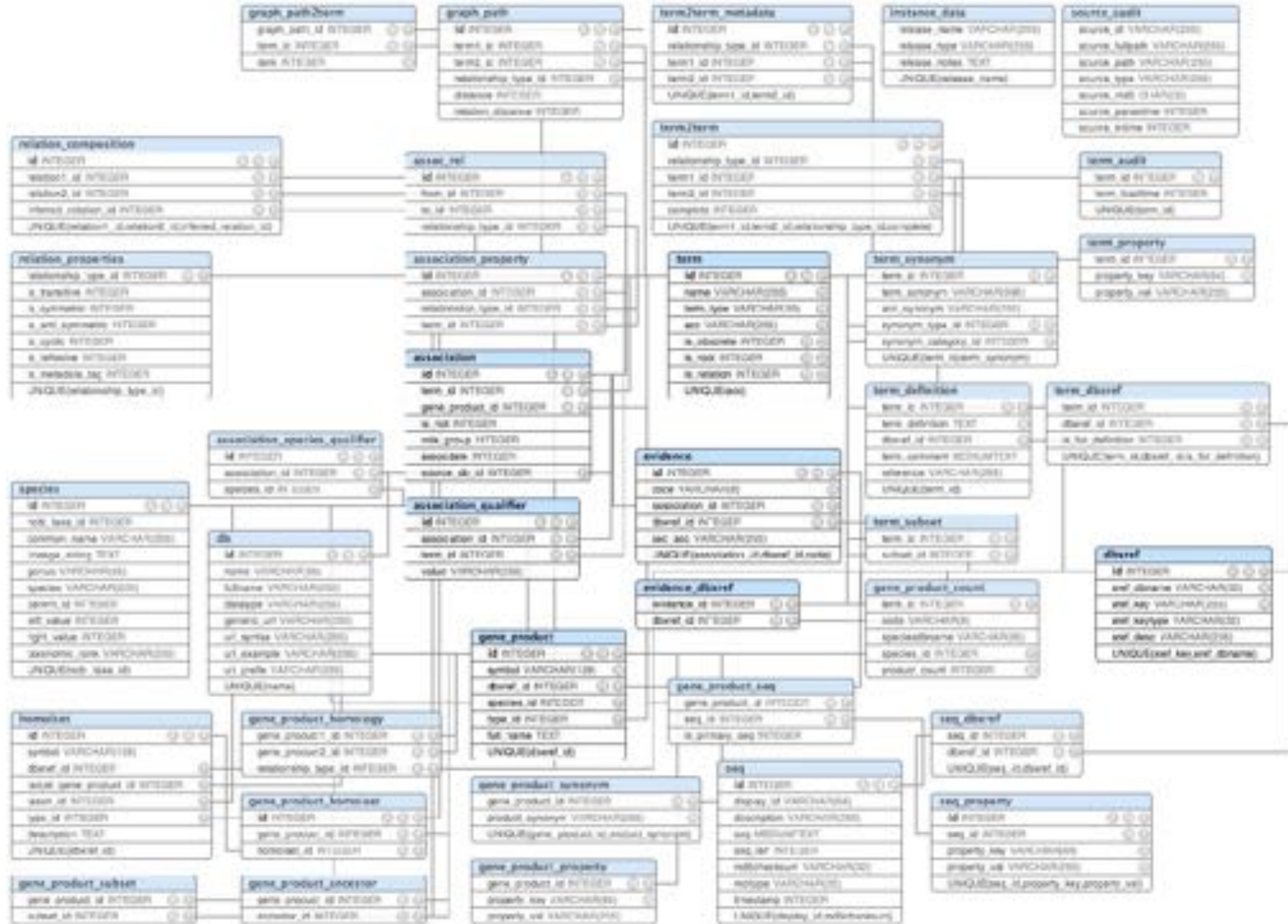
Visualization Layer



An aerial photograph of a river delta. The left side of the image is dominated by a dark, dense forest with a complex, web-like pattern of tree canopies. The right side is a bright, blue, marshy area with a more regular, grid-like pattern of water channels and land parcels. A central river channel flows from the top towards the bottom, branching out into the two distinct regions.

Data Knowledge

Business Knowledge





I'm Back Nerds!

Analytic Views

New in 12.2

DB Metadata Objects

Joins

Hierarchies

Aggregations

Analytic Views

Components

Datasource
Attributes
Levels

Levels
Relationship

Dimensions
Measures
Aggregations
Windowing

Caching
Materialised
Views

Attribute Dimension

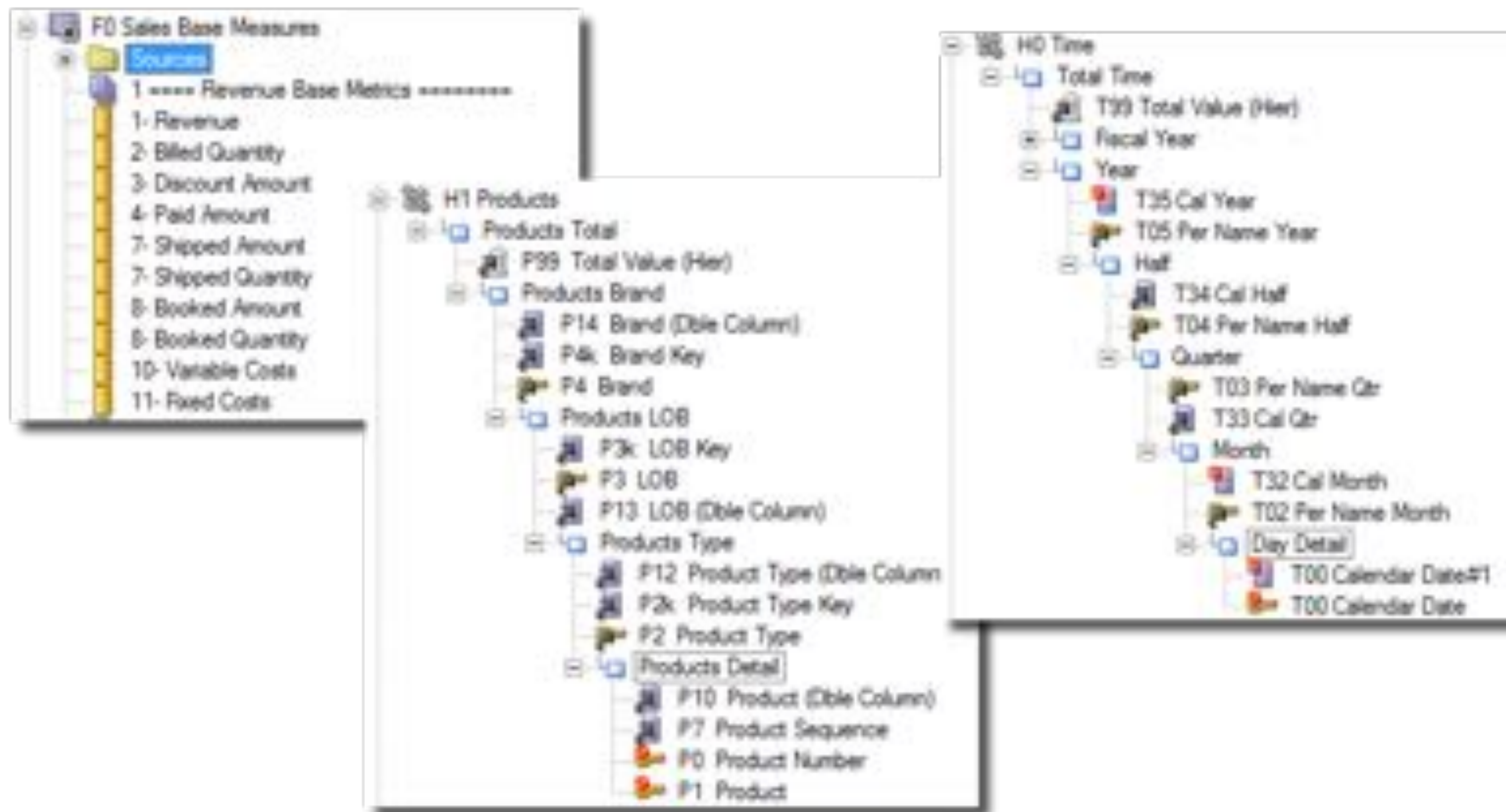
Hierarchies

Analytic View

Cache Group



The Model



Attribute Dimension

ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION

USING

```
CREATE OR REPLACE ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION D1_DIM_PRODUCT
USING SAMP_PRODUCTS_D
ATTRIBUTES
  (PROD_KEY as P0_Product_Number
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P0 Product Number',
   PROD_DSC as P1_Product
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P1 Product',
   TYPE as P2_Product_Type
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P2 Product Type',
   TYPE_KEY as P2k_Product_Type
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P2k Product Type',
   LOB as P3_LOB
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P3 LOB',
   ...
   SEQUENCE as P7_Product_Sequence
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P7 Product Sequence',
   TOTAL_VALUE as P99_Total_Value
   CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'P99 Total Value')
```

Logical Column	Expression		Physical Table
P0 Product Number	Prod_Key	✓	D10 Product (Dynam
P1 Product	Prod_Desc	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P10 Product (Dble Column)	Prod_Desc	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P12 Product Type (Dble Co	Type	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P13 LOB (Dble Column)	LOB	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P14 Brand (Dble Column)	Brand	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P2 Product Type	Type	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P2k Product Type Key	Type_Key	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P3 LOB	LOB	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P3k LOB Key	LOB_Key	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P4 Brand	Brand	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P4k Brand Key	Brand_Key	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P5 Attribute 1	Attribute_1	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P6 Attribute 2	Attribute_2	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P7 Product Sequence	Sequence	✗	D10 Product (Dynam
P8 Product Image		✗	
P9 Product Image Id		✗	
P99 Total Value (Mer)	TOTAL_VALUE	✗	D10 Product (Dynam

Attribute Dimension

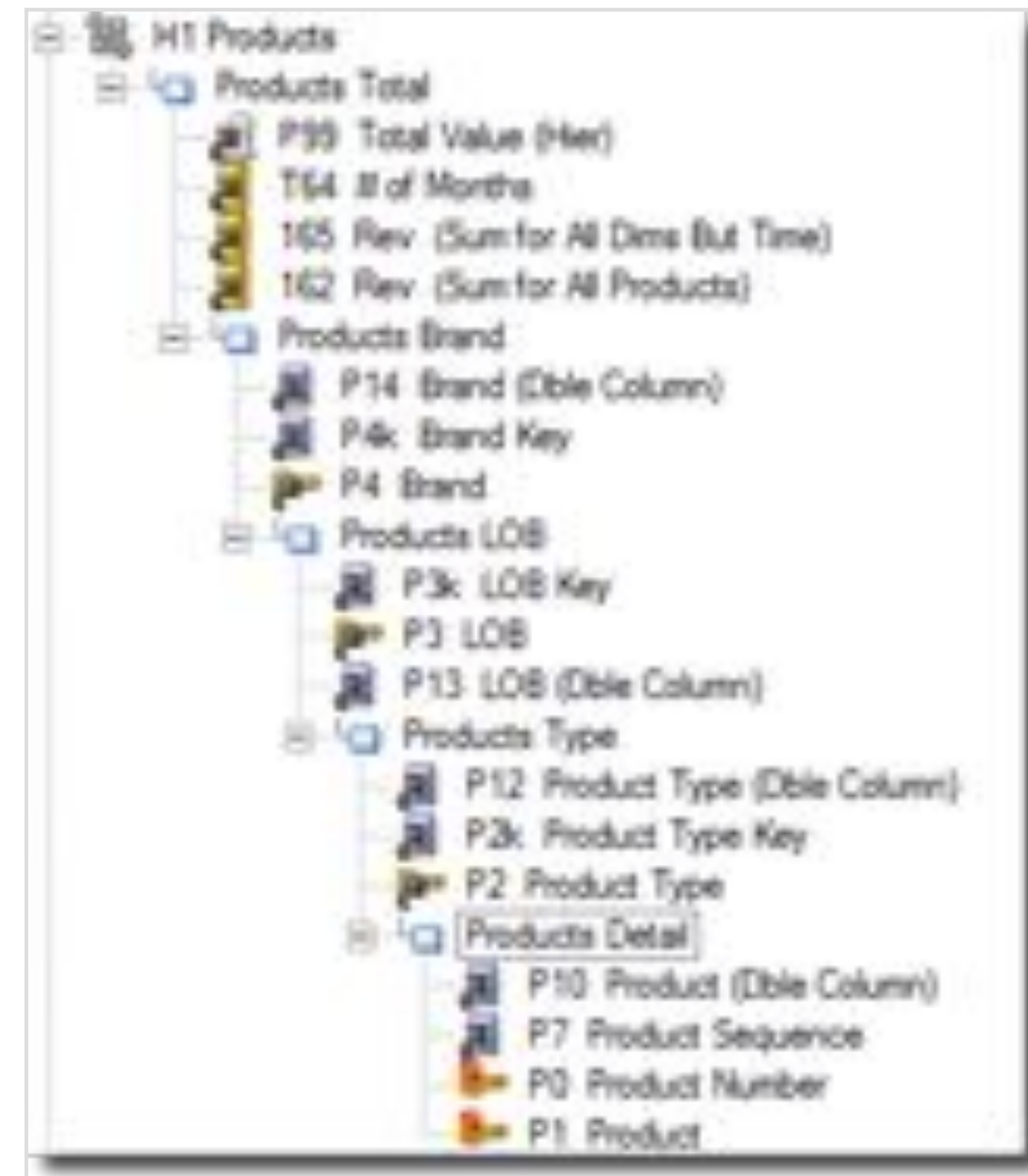
```
LEVEL BRAND
CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'BRAND'
CLASSIFICATION description VALUE 'Brand'
KEY P4k_Brand
MEMBER NAME P4_Brand
MEMBER CAPTION P4_Brand
ORDER BY P4_Brand
LEVEL Product_LOB
CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'LOB'
CLASSIFICATION description VALUE 'Lob'
KEY P3k_LOB
MEMBER NAME P3_LOB
MEMBER CAPTION P3_LOB
ORDER BY P3_LOB
DETERMINES(P4k_Brand)
LEVEL Product_Type
CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'Type'
CLASSIFICATION description VALUE 'Type'
KEY P2k_Product_Type
MEMBER NAME P2_Product_Type
MEMBER CAPTION P2_Product_Type
ORDER BY P2_Product_Type
DETERMINES(P3k_LOB,P4k_Brand)
LEVEL Product_Details
CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'Detail'
CLASSIFICATION description VALUE 'Detail'
KEY P0_Product_Number
MEMBER NAME P1_Product
MEMBER CAPTION P1_Product
ORDER BY P1_Product
DETERMINES(P2k_Product_Type,P3k_LOB,P4k_Brand)
ALL MEMBER NAME 'ALL PRODUCTS';
```

LEVEL

KEY

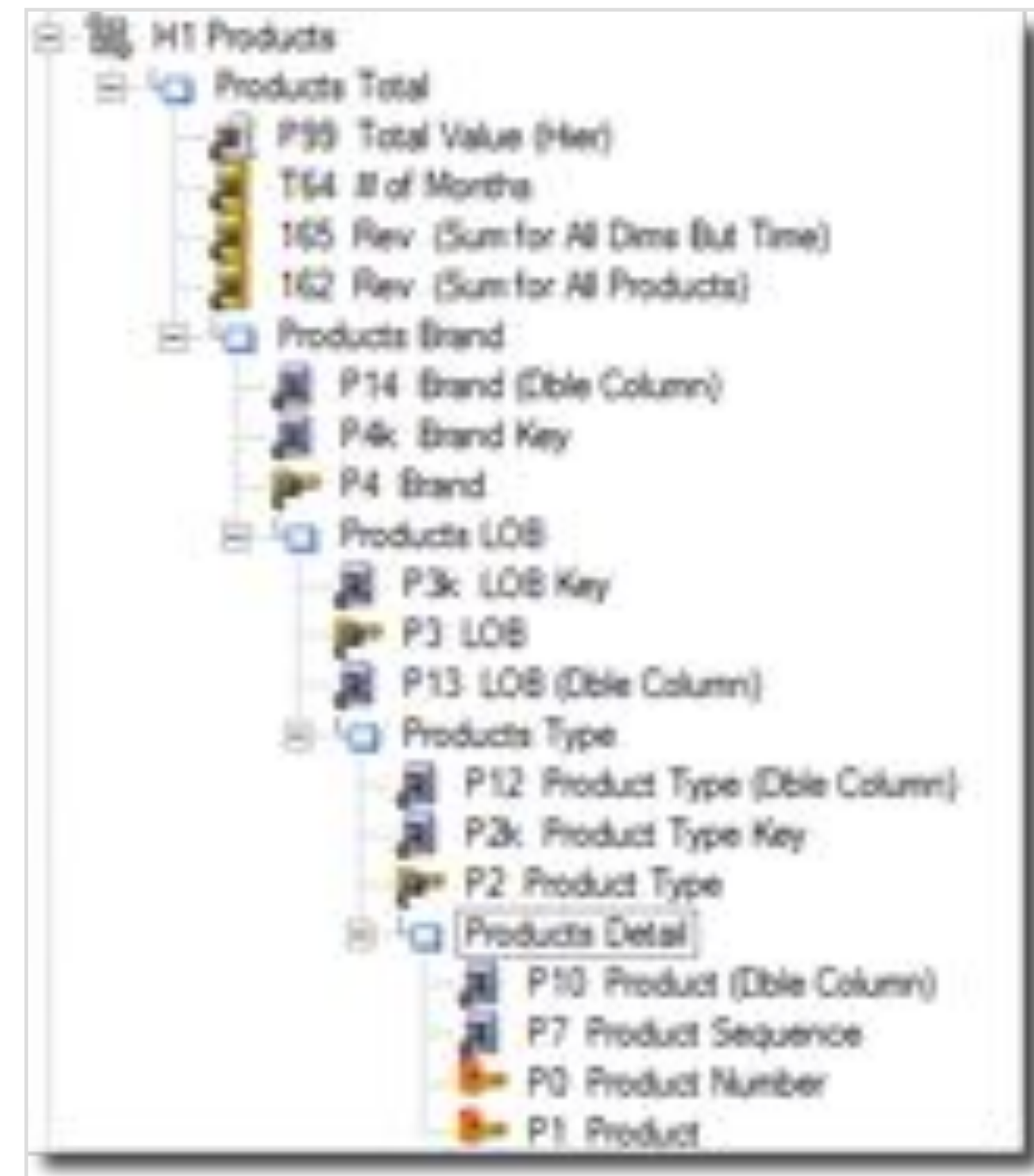
CAPTION

DETERMINES



Dimension Hierarchy

```
CREATE OR REPLACE HIERARCHY PRODUCT_HIER
CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'Products Hierarchy'
USING D1_DIM_PRODUCT
(Product_Details CHILD OF
Product_Type CHILD OF
Product_LOB CHILD OF
BRAND);
```



Dimension Hierarchy

P0_PRODUCT...	P1_PRODUCT	P2_PRODUCT_...	P2K_PRO...	P3_LOB	P3K_LOB	P4_BRAND	P4K_BRAND	MEMBER_NAME	MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME
(null) (null)	(null)	(null)	(null) (null)	(null) (null)	(null) (null)	(null) ALL PRODUCTS	(null) ALL PRODUCTS	[ALL].[ALL PRODUCTS]	
(null) (null)	(null)	(null)	(null) (null)	(null) (null)	(null) BizTech	10001 BizTech	10001 BizTech	[BRAND].&[10001]	
(null) (null)	(null)	(null)	(null) Communication	(null) Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 Communication	10001 Communication	[PRODUCT_LOB].&[1001]	
(null) (null)	Cell Phones	Cell Phones	101 Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 Cell Phones	10001 Cell Phones	10001 Cell Phones	[PRODUCT_TYPE].&[101]	
17 CompCell RX3	Cell Phones	Cell Phones	101 Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 CompCell RX3	10001 CompCell RX3	10001 CompCell RX3	[PRODUCT_DETAILS].&[17]	
8 V5x Flip Phone	Cell Phones	Cell Phones	101 Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 V5x Flip Phone	10001 V5x Flip Phone	10001 V5x Flip Phone	[PRODUCT_DETAILS].&[8]	
(null) (null)	Smart Phones	Smart Phones	102 Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 Smart Phones	10001 Smart Phones	10001 Smart Phones	[PRODUCT_TYPE].&[102]	
10 KeyMax S-Phone	Smart Phones	Smart Phones	102 Communication	1001 BizTech	10001 KeyMax S-Phone	10001 KeyMax S-Phone	10001 KeyMax S-Phone	[PRODUCT_DETAILS].&[10]	

- For Each Level

- Key
- Name
- Ordering
- Level

- Member Unique Name

Time Dimension

```
CREATE OR REPLACE ATTRIBUTE DIMENSION D0_DIM_DATE
DIMENSION TYPE TIME
USING SAMP_TIME_DAY_D
ATTRIBUTES
```

DIMENSION TYPE TIME

```
(CALENDAR_DATE AS T00_CALENDAR_DATE,
PER_NAME_MONTH AS T02_PER_NAME_MONTH,
PER_NAME_QTR AS T03_PER_NAME_QTR,
PER_NAME_YEAR AS T04_PER_NAME_YEAR,
DAY_KEY AS T06_ROW_WID,
BEG_OF_MTH_WID AS T22_BEG_OF_MTH_WID,
BEG_OF_QTR_WID AS T23_BEG_OF_QTR_WID
)
```

LEVEL TYPE

```
LEVEL CAL_DAY
LEVEL TYPE DAYS
KEY T00_CALENDAR_DATE
ORDER BY T00_CALENDAR_DATE
DETERMINES(T22_BEG_OF_MTH_WID, T23_BEG_OF_QTR_WID, T04_PER_NAME_YEAR)
LEVEL CAL_MONTH
LEVEL TYPE MONTHS
KEY T22_BEG_OF_MTH_WID
MEMBER NAME T02_PER_NAME_MONTH
ORDER BY T22_BEG_OF_MTH_WID
DETERMINES(T23_BEG_OF_QTR_WID, T04_PER_NAME_YEAR)
LEVEL CAL_QUARTER
LEVEL TYPE QUARTERS
KEY T23_BEG_OF_QTR_WID
MEMBER NAME T03_PER_NAME_QTR
ORDER BY T23_BEG_OF_QTR_WID
DETERMINES(T04_PER_NAME_YEAR)
LEVEL CAL_YEAR
LEVEL TYPE YEARS
KEY T04_PER_NAME_YEAR
MEMBER NAME T04_PER_NAME_YEAR
ORDER BY T04_PER_NAME_YEAR
ALL MEMBER NAME 'ALL TIMES';
```

Logical Column	Expression		Physical Table
T00 Calendar Date	Calendar_Date	✓	D01 Time Day Grain
T01 Per Name Week	Per_Name_Week	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T02 Per Name Month	Per_Name_Month	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T03 Per Name Qtr	Per_Name_Qtr	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T04 Per Name Year	Per_Name_Year	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T05 Row Wid	Day_Key	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T11 Day Of Week	Day_Of_Week	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T12 Day Of Month	Day_Of_Month	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T15 Day Of Year	Day_Of_Year	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T21 Beg of Week Wid	Beg_of_Week_Wid	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T22 Beg of Mth Wid	Beg_of_Mth_Wid	✗	D01 Time Day Grain
T23 Beg of Qtr Wid	Beg_of_Qtr_Wid	✗	D01 Time Day Grain

Time Dimension

```
CREATE OR REPLACE HIERARCHY TIME_HIER
USING D0_DIM_DATE
(CAL_DAY CHILD OF
CAL_MONTH CHILD OF
CAL_QUARTER CHILD OF
CAL_YEAR);
```

Logical Column	Expression		Physical Table
T00 Calendar Date	Calendar_Date	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T01 Per Name Week	Per_Name_Week	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T02 Per Name Month	Per_Name_Month	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T03 Per Name Qtr	Per_Name_Qtr	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T04 Per Name Half	Per_Name_Half	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T05 Per Name Year	Per_Name_Year	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T06 Row Wid	Day_Key	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T11 Day Of Week	Day_Of_Week	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T12 Day Of Month	Day_Of_Month	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T15 Day Of Year	Day_Of_Year	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T21 Beg of Week Wid	Beg_of_Week_Wid	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T22 Beg of Mth Wid	Beg_of_Mth_Wid	✕	D01 Time Day Grain
T23 Beg of Qtr Wid	Beg_of_Qtr_Wid	✕	D01 Time Day Grain

Analytic View Definition

```
CREATE OR REPLACE ANALYTIC VIEW F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES
USING SAMP_REVENUE_F
DIMENSION BY
  (D0_DIM_DATE
   KEY BILL_DAY_DT REFERENCES TOO_CALENDAR_DATE
   HIERARCHIES (
     TIME_HIER DEFAULT),
   D1_DIM_PRODUCT
   KEY PROD_KEY REFERENCES P0_Product_Number
   HIERARCHIES (
     PRODUCT_HIER DEFAULT)
  )
MEASURES
  (F1_REVENUE FACT REVENUE AGGREGATE BY SUM,
   F10_VARIABLE_COST FACT COST_VARIABLE AGGREGATE BY SUM,
   F11_FIXED_COST FACT COST_FIXED AGGREGATE BY SUM,
   F2_BILLED_QTY FACT UNITS,
   F3_DISCOUNT_AMOUNT FACT DISCNT_VALUE AGGREGATE BY SUM,
   F4_AVG_REVENUE FACT REVENUE AGGREGATE BY AVG,
   F21_REVENUE_AGO AS (LAG(F1_REVENUE) OVER (HIERARCHY TIME_HIER OFFSET 1))
  )
DEFAULT MEASURE F1_REVENUE;
```

USING

LIST OF DIMENSIONS
AND HIERARCHIES

Logical Column	Expression		Physical Table
1- Revenue	Revenue	X	F10 Billed Rev
10- Variable Costs	Cost_Variable	X	F10 Billed Rev
11- Fixed Costs	Cost_Fixed	X	F10 Billed Rev
2- Billed Quantity	Units	X	F10 Billed Rev
3- Discount Amount	Discnt_Value	X	F10 Billed Rev

AGGREGATED BY

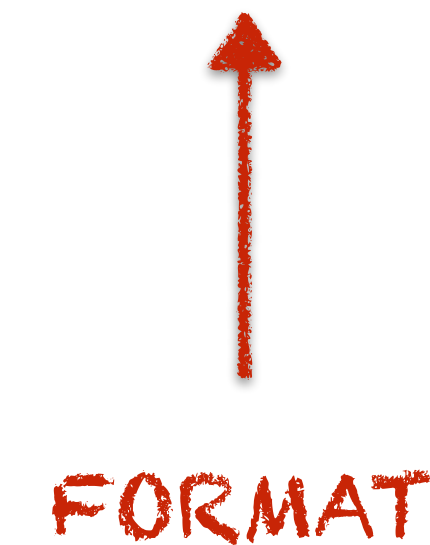
COMPLEX FORMULAS

Complex Formulas

- AGO `LAG(SALES) OVER (HIERARCHY time_hier OFFSET 1)`
- Difference from AGO `LAG_DIFF(SALES) OVER (HIERARCHY time_hier OFFSET 1)`
- AGO Fixed Level `LAG(SALES) OVER (HIERARCHY time_hier OFFSET 1
ACROSS ANCESTOR AT LEVEL quarter)`
- Percentage `SHARE_OF(sales HIERARCHY product_hier LEVEL department)`
- Fix Points `QUALIFY (sales, time_hier = year['11'])`

Formatting

```
sales FACT sales  
  CLASSIFICATION caption VALUE 'Sales'  
  CLASSIFICATION description VALUE 'Sales'  
  CLASSIFICATION format_string VALUE '$9,999.99',
```



Cache Group

CACHE

-- The list of measures in the MV.

```
MEASURE GROUP (  
  amount_sold,  
  quantity_sold)
```

-- Levels that match the GROUP BY clause of the materialized view.

```
LEVELS (  
  sh_times_calendar_hier.calendar_year,  
  sh_products_hier.category,  
  sh_customers_hier.country,  
  sh_channels_hier.channel_class,  
  sh_promotions_hier.category)
```

MATERIALIZED



MATERIALIZED VIEW

Using Analytics Views

Using Analytic Views

Original SQL

```
SELECT D.CAL_MONTH,  
       D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
       P.BRAND,  
       SUM(F.REVENUE) AS F01_REVENUE,  
       SUM(F.UNITS)   AS F02_BILLED_QTY  
FROM SAMP_REVENUE_F F  
JOIN SAMP_PRODUCTS_D P  
ON (F.PROD_KEY = P.PROD_KEY)  
JOIN SAMP_TIME_DAY_D D  
ON (F.BILL_DAY_DT = D.CALENDAR_DATE)  
GROUP BY D.CAL_MONTH,  
         D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
         P.BRAND  
ORDER BY D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
         P.BRAND;
```

vs

AV SQL

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```


Using Analytic Views

Original SQL

```
SELECT D.CAL_MONTH,  
       D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
       P.BRAND,  
       SUM(F.REVENUE) AS F01_REVENUE,  
       SUM(F.UNITS)   AS F02_BILLED_QTY  
FROM SAMP_REVENUE_F F  
JOIN SAMP_PRODUCTS_D P  
ON (F.PROD_KEY = P.PROD_KEY)  
JOIN SAMP_TIME_DAY_D D  
ON (F.BILL_DAY_DT = D.CALENDAR_DATE)  
GROUP BY D.CAL_MONTH,  
         D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
         P.BRAND  
ORDER BY D.BEG_OF_MTH_WID,  
         P.BRAND;
```

- Fields
- Join
- Aggregation
- Complex Formulas
- Group By
- Order By

Using Analytic Views

AV SQL

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_MONTH')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('BRAND')  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

- Standard SQL
- ~~Joins~~
- ~~Complex Formulas~~
- ~~Aggregation~~
- ~~Order By~~

Standard SQL

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

Standard SQL

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

Reference to Analytic View

Optional reference to hierarchies

Standard SQL

Generic Member Name from hierarchy

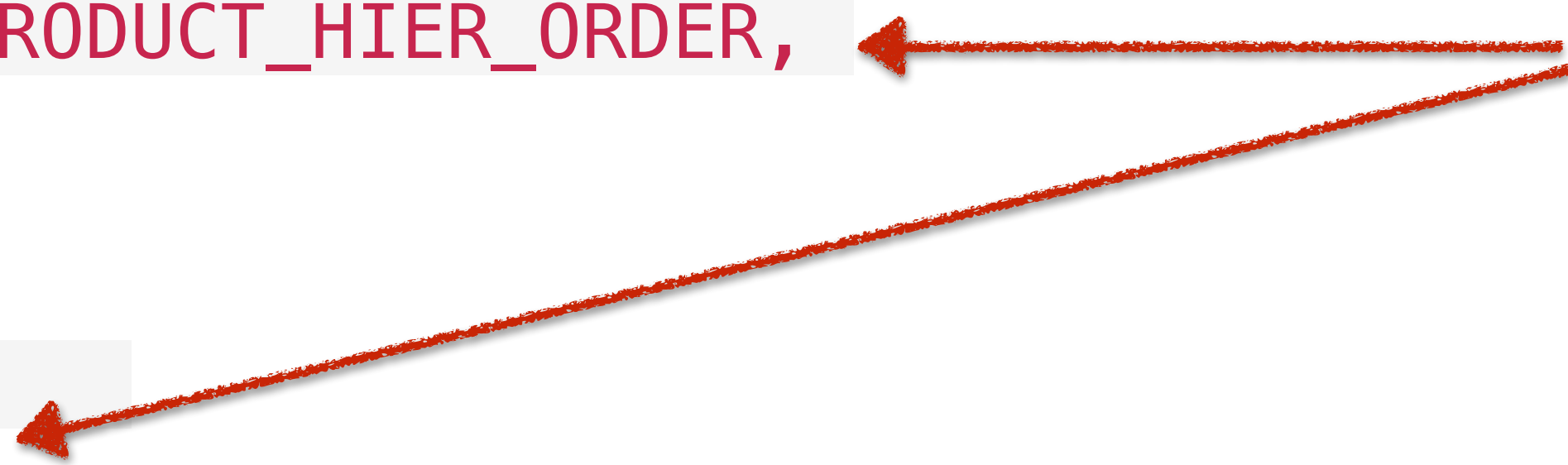


```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

Standard SQL

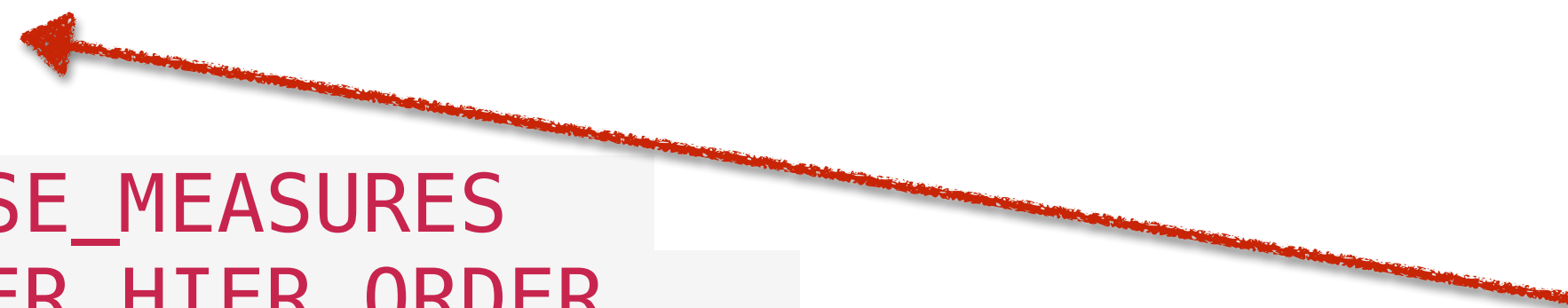
```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

Generic Member Order from hierarchy



Standard SQL

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```



Reference to auto aggregated measures

Standard SQL Code

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_MONTH')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('BRAND')  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

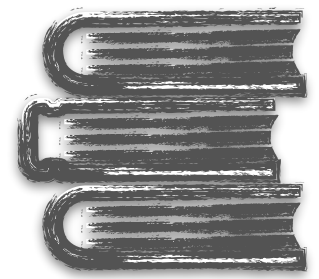
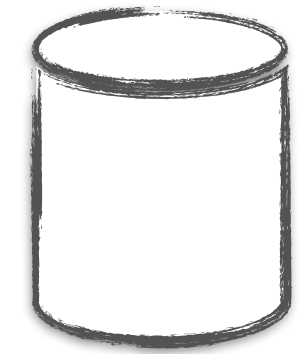
← Level Definition

```
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_MONTH')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('BRAND')
```

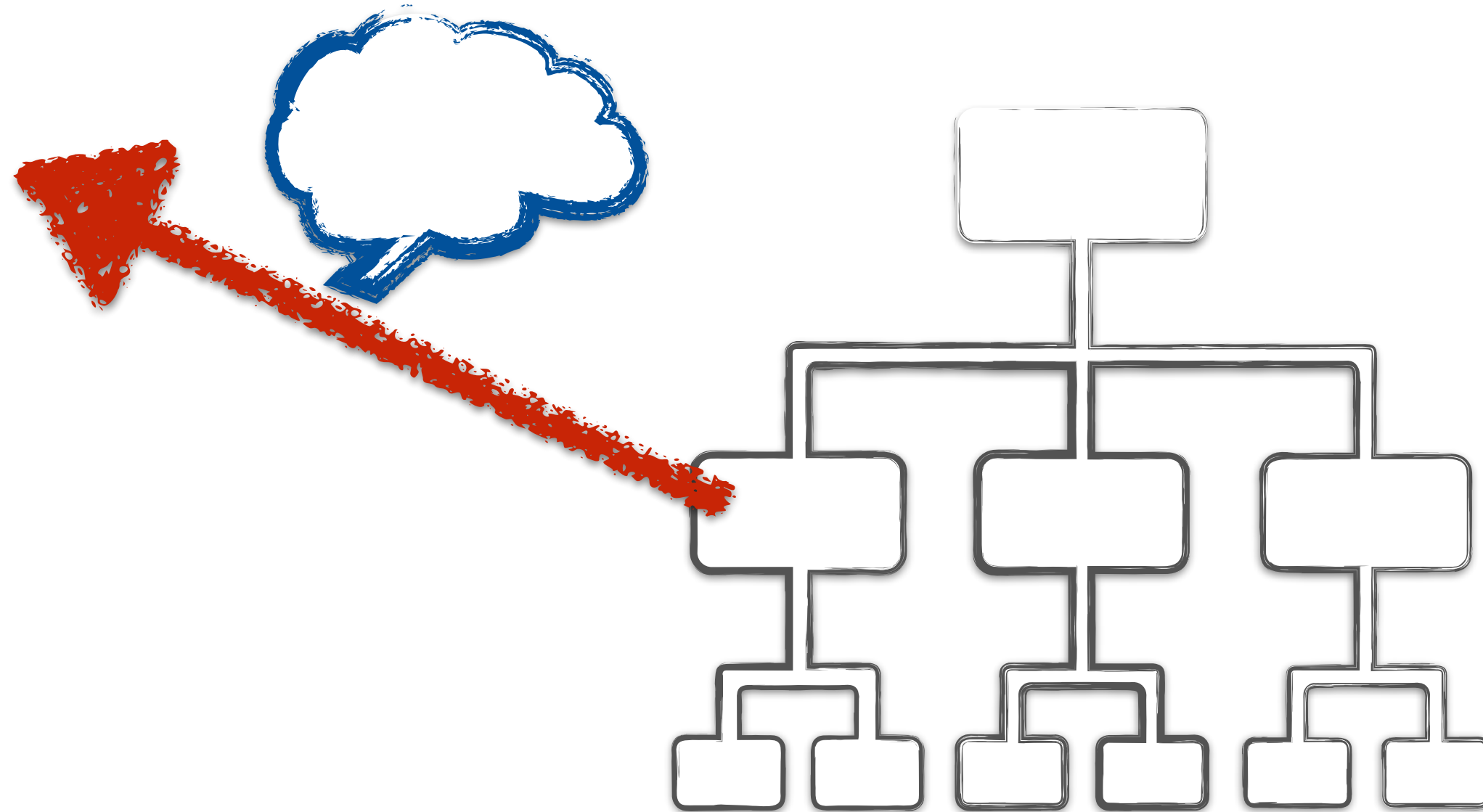


```
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_YEAR')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('LOB')
```

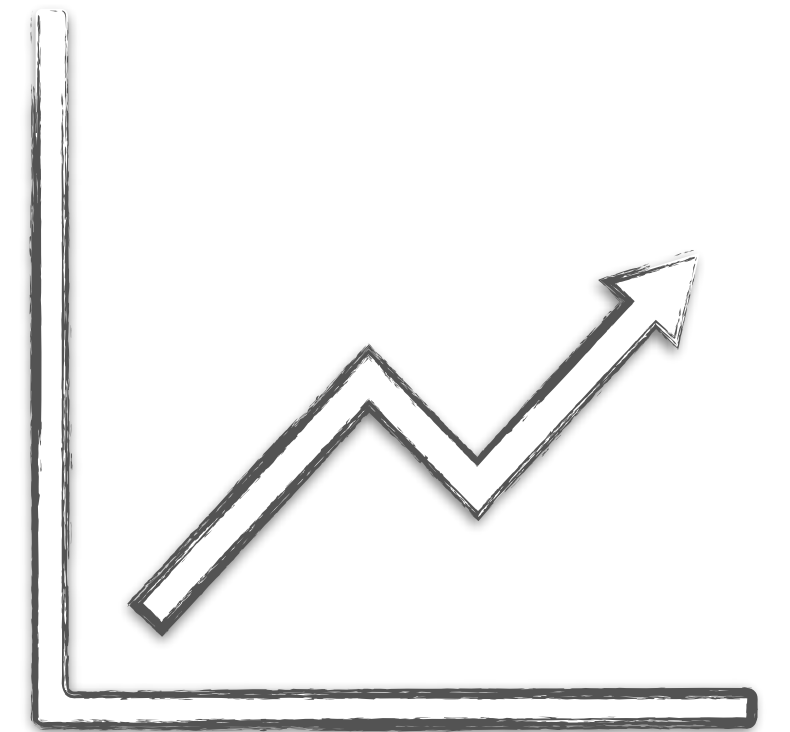

Data Layer



Organisation Layer



Visualization Layer





OBIEE

*1996 - †2017

Analytic
Views

OBIEE




Using Analytics Views with Data Visualization

Analytic Views in DVD/DVCS/OAC

Create Database Connection

Edit Connection



Oracle Database

*Connection Name: Decker -DB

*Host:

*Port: 1521

*Username: BLSAMPLE

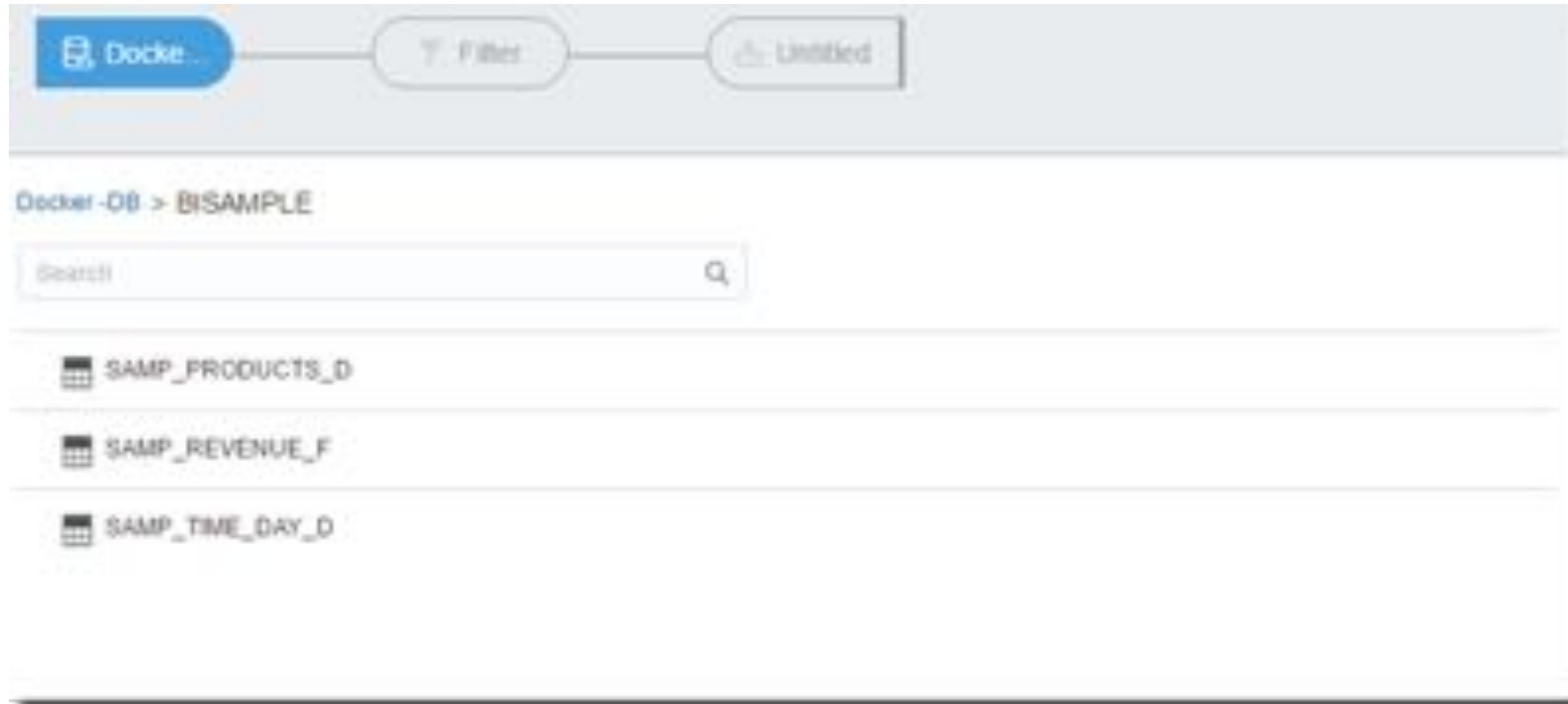
*Password:

*Service Name: ORCLPDB

Save Cancel

Analytic Views in DVD/DVCS/OAC

Analytic Views not Listed as Sources!!!!

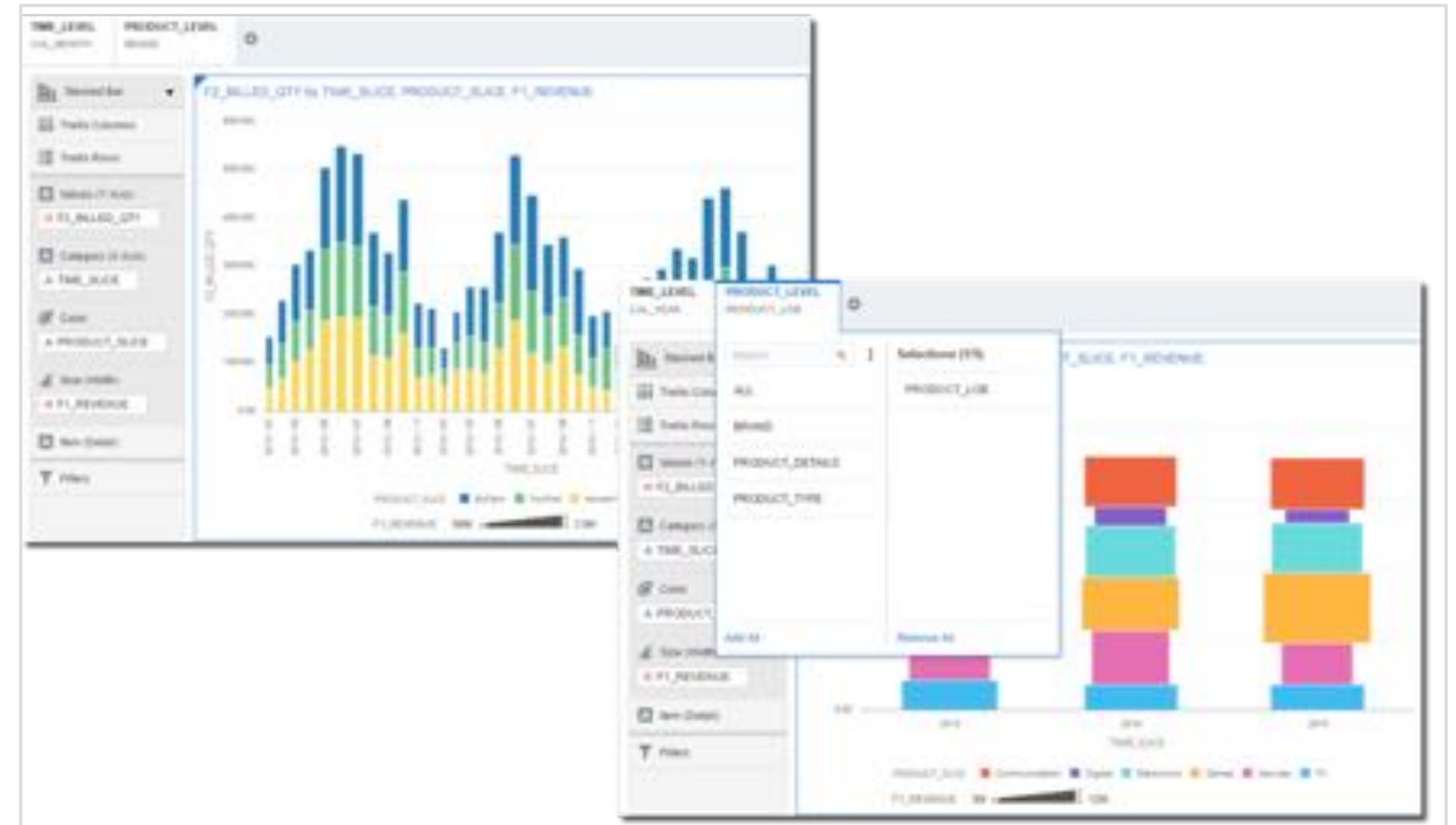


Analytic Views in DVD/DVCS/OAC

```
Statement
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,
       F1_REVENUE,
       F2_BILLED_QTY
FROM FO_SALES_BASE_MEASURES
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

BISAMPLE

- A TIME_SLICE
- A PRODUCT_SLICE
- A TIME_LEVEL
- A PRODUCT_LEVEL
- F1_REVENUE
- F2_BILLED_QTY
- A TIME_HIER_ORDER
- A PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER



Reusability vs Performance

All Levels

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

vs

One Level

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_MONTH')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('BRAND')  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```


Reusability vs Performance

- No Level Filter Pushdown
- Mixing Multiple Levels
- DataSource Reusability

All Levels

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS TIME_LEVEL,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME AS PRODUCT_LEVEL,  
       TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS TIME_HIER_ORDER,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER AS PRODUCT_HIER_ORDER,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```

Reusability vs Performance

- Level Filter Pushdown
- One Datasource per Level

One Level

```
SELECT TIME_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS TIME_SLICE,  
       PRODUCT_HIER.MEMBER_NAME AS PRODUCT_SLICE,  
       F1_REVENUE,  
       F2_BILLED_QTY  
FROM F0_SALES_BASE_MEASURES  
WHERE TIME_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('CAL_MONTH')  
AND PRODUCT_HIER.LEVEL_NAME IN ('BRAND')  
ORDER BY TIME_HIER.HIER_ORDER,  
         PRODUCT_HIER.HIER_ORDER;
```


Analytics View Benefits

- Upfront Fact/Hierarchy Definition
- Lowers the Knowledge Required To Query
- Standard SQL

Analytics View Limitations

- DB Definition
- Multiple Levels of Same Hierarchy
- Performance Issues - No Where Clause

Aren't we going back to Mode 1?

- IT Driven

- No External Application
- Unique Source of Truth
- Flexible
- Easily Extendible

Light Mode 1

Should I use Analytic Views?

- Complex DataSource
- Predictable set of Facts and Aggregation Methods
- No Data Organisation Layer (OBIEE)



Enabling Self-Service Analytics with Analytic Views & Data Visualization from Cloud to Desktop